

## TEST REPORT IEC 62471

Photobiologica	I safety of lamps and lamp systems
Report Reference No:	EFSH16090939-IE-01-L01
Date of issue:	2016-09-23
Total number of pages:	19 pages (include 2 page of photo)
Testing Laboratory	Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address:	No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District, Shanghai, China
Applicant's name	Xindao B.V
Address:	P.O.Box 3082 2280GB,Rijswijk,The Netherlands
Test specification:	
Standard:	☐ IEC 62471:2006 (First Edition)
	☑ EN 62471:2008
Test procedure:	Test report
Non-standard test method	N/A
Test Report Form No:	IEC62471A
TRF Originator:	VDE Testing and Certification Institute
Master TRF:	Dated 2009-05
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If this Test Report Form is used by non-IECEE m removed.	nembers, the IECEE/IEC logo and the reference to the CB Scheme procedure shall be
Test item description:	Quatro aluminium torch
Trade Mark:	N/A
Manufacturer:	NINGBO GIANT TIGER CO.,LTD.
Address:	17F, No.1 Bld, Hi tech science and technology square, No.1498 Jiangnan Road, Ningbo, China 315040
Model/Type reference:	P51327
Ratings:	DC 4,5V (3x 1,5V AAA batteries)

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Testing	g procedure and testing location:	
$\boxtimes$	Testing Laboratory:	Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Testin	g location/ address:	No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District, Shanghai, China
	Associated CB Laboratory:	
Testin	g location/ address:	
1	Tested by (name + signature):	Jason Peng
		Lead Project Engineer
F	Approved by (+ signature)::	Keith Wei
	9 8 1	Lead Project Engineer
П Т	esting procedure: TMP	
Т	ested by (name + signature) :	
Д	Approved by (+ signature):	
Testing	g location/ address:	
T	esting procedure: WMT	
Т	ested by (name + signature):	
V	Vitnessed by (+ signature):	
А	pproved by (+ signature):	
Testing	location/ address:	
T	esting procedure: SMT	
T	ested by (name + signature) :	
A	pproved by (+ signature):	
Sı	upervised by (+ signature):	*
Testing	location/ address	
□ Те	esting procedure: RMT	
Te	ested by (name + signature):	
Ap	oproved by (+ signature):	
Su	upervised by (+ signature):	
	location/ address	



**Summary of testing:** The LED lamp covered by this report has been tested and complies with the applicable requirements of this standard. Tests performed (name of test and test clause): **Testing location:** Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District, ☐ Clause 5: Measurement of lamps and lamp sys-Shanghai, China tems ☐ Clause 6: Lamp Classification Summary of compliance with National Differences: Group difference, refer to ATTACHMENT. Copy of marking plate: N/A



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Test item particulars	Quatro aluminium torch				
Tested lamp	N/A				
Tested lamp system:	continuous wave lamps system				
Lamp classification group:	exempt risk 1 risk 2 risk 3				
Lamp cap					
Bulb	N/A				
Rated of the lamp	rating pls refer to page 1				
Furthermore marking on the lamp	N/A				
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	N/A				
Used measurement instrument:	Spectroradiometer				
Temperature by measurement:	25°C				
Information for safety use:	N/A				
Possible test case verdicts:					
<ul> <li>test case does not apply to the test object:</li> </ul>	N/A				
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)				
– test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)				
Testing:					
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-09-23				
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2016-09-23 to 2016-09-28				
General remarks:					
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the control of the	ne object tested.  ut the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory.				

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.

List of test equipment must be kept on file and available for review.

The related applicable CTL decisions have been considered and fulfilled.

Determination of the test result includes consideration of measurement uncertainty from the test equipment and the test methods.

## **General product information:**

The product covered in this test report is Quatro aluminium torch with 9 LEDs emit white Lights.

The LED is powered by battery.

DC4.5V (3 x 1,5V AAA batteries).

All LEDs are classified as Exempt group.



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict **EXPOSURE LIMITS** Ρ 4.1 Р General Р The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally Р see clause 4.3 required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10<sup>4</sup> cd·m<sup>-2</sup> Hazard exposure limits Ρ 4.3 4.3.1 Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye Р The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is Р 30 J<sup>-</sup>m<sup>-2</sup> within any 8-hour period To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ul-Р traviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance, Es, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:  $E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{i} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \leq 30$ Ρ J-m<sup>-2</sup> Р The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:  $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ Ρ 4.3.2 Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye Ρ Р For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J m<sup>-2</sup> for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E<sub>UVA</sub>, shall not exceed 10 W m<sup>-2</sup>. The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radi-Ρ ation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:  $t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{}$ Р 4.3.3 Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit Р To protect against retinal photochemical injury from Р chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function,  $B(\lambda)$ , i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance, LB, shall not exceed the levels defined by:



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	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for $t \le 10^4  \text{s}$ $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	N/A
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$		Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source	)	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye $E_{\lambda}$ , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad W \cdot m^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, $L_{\lambda}$ , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup> · sr <sup>-1</sup>	(10 μs ≤ t ≤ 10s) α=80,36mrad	P
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	l stimulus	Р
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L <sub>IR</sub> , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		Р
	$L_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	Р
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E <sub>IR</sub> , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N/A
	$E_{\text{IR}} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75}$ W · m <sup>-2</sup>	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A



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	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100$ W·m <sup>-2</sup>	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin	1	Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0.25}$ J · m <sup>-2</sup>		Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	IS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that extraneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		N/A
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		N/A
	the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or		N/A
	<ul> <li>the manufacturer's recommendation</li> </ul>		N/A
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	<ul> <li>the appropriate IEC standard, or</li> </ul>		N/A
	<ul> <li>the manufacturer's recommendation</li> </ul>		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict The measurement shall be made in that position of Ρ the beam giving the maximum reading. Р The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated. 5.2.2 Р Radiance measurements 5.2.2.1 Standard method Р The measurements made with an optical system. Р The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute Р radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument. 5.2.2.2 Alternative method N/A Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irra-N/A diance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements. 5.2.3 Measurement of source size P Ρ The determination of  $\alpha$ , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source. Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources 5.2.4 N/A The determination of  $\Delta t$ , the nominal pulse duration N/A of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value. 5.3 Р Analysis methods 5.3.1 Weighting curve interpolations Ρ Р To standardize interpolated values, use linear insee table 4.1 terpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired. 5.3.2 Calculations Р Р The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy. 5.3.3 Measurement uncertainty Ρ The quality of all measurement results must be Ρ see Annex C in the norm quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty. 6 LAMP CLASSIFICATION Ρ For the purposes of this standard it was decided that Р see table 6.1 of group differthe values shall be reported as follows: ences



**IEC 62471** Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict for lamps intended for general lighting service, Measurement Distance: Ρ the hazard values shall be reported as either ir-200mm radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp N/A sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 6.1 Continuous wave lamps Р Ρ 6.1.1 **Except Group** In the except group are lamps, which does not pose Р any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 8-hours Р exposure (30000 s), nor a near-UV hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 1000 s, (about 16 Р min), nor a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 10000 s Ρ (about 2,8 h), nor a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor Р an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) Р within 1000 s 6.1.2 Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk) N/A In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for N/A the except group but that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (Es) within 10000 s, N/A a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 300 s, nor N/A N/A a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 100 s, nor a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 10 s, nor N/A an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) N/A within 100 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong N/A visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L<sub>IR</sub>), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1. 6.1.3 Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk) N/A This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds N/A the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose: an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>S</sub>) within 1000 s N/A exposure, nor a near ultraviolet hazard (E<sub>UVA</sub>) within 100 s, nor N/A a retinal blue-light hazard (L<sub>B</sub>) within 0,25 s N/A (aversion response), nor



**IEC 62471** Result - Remark Requirement + Test Verdict Clause a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aver-N/A sion response), nor an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E<sub>IR</sub>) N/A within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong N/A visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (LIR), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 6.1.4 N/A Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are N/A in Group 3. 6.2 Pulsed lamps N/A Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and N/A to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest N/A nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being N/A tested shall be made as follows: a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be N/A classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted N/A radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose N/A weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission





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Wavelength <sup>1</sup>	UV hazard function	Wavelength	UV hazard function	
λ, nm	S <sub>uv</sub> (λ)	wavelength λ, nm	S <sub>υν</sub> (λ)	
200	0,030	313*	0,006	
205	0,051	315	0,003	
210	0,075	316	0,0024	
215	0,095	317	0,0020	
220	0,120	318	0,0016	
225	0,150	319	0,0012	
230	0,190	320	0,0010	
235	0,240	322	0,00067	
240	0,300	323	0,00054	
245	0,360	325	0,00050	
250	0,430	328	0,00044	
254*	0,500	330	0,00041	
255	0,520	333*	0,00037	
260	0,650	335	0,00034	
265	0,810	340	0,00028	
270	1,000	345	0,00024	
275	0,960	350 0,0002		
280*	0,880	355	0,00016	
285	0,770	360	0,00013	
290	0,640	365*	0,00011	
295	0,540	370	0,000093	
297*	0,460	375	0,000077	
300	0,300	380	0,00064	
303*	0,120	385	0,000053	
305	0,060	0,060 390 0,00004		
308	0,026	395	0,000036	
310	0,015	400 0,00003		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths.

<sup>\*</sup> Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Table 4.2 Spectral weighting functions for assessing retinal hazards from broadband optical P

Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)		
300	0,01	()		
305	0,01			
310	0,01			
315	0,01			
320	0,01			
325	0,01			
330	0,01			
335	0,01			
340	0,01			
345	0,01			
350	0,01			
355	0,01			
360	0,01			
365	0,01			
370	0,01			
375	0,01			
380	0,01	0,1		
385	0,013	0,13		
390	0,025	0,25		
395	0,05	0,5 1,0		
400	0,10			
405	0,20	2,0		
410	0,40	4,0		
415	0,80	8,0		
420	0,90	9,0		
425	0,95	9,5		
430	0,98	9,8		
435	1,00	10,0		
440	1,00	10,0		
445	0,97	9,7		
450	0,94	9,4		
455	0,90	9,0		
460	0,80	8,0		
465	0,70	7,0		
470	0,62	6,2		
475	0,55	5,5		
480	0,45	4,5		
485	0,40	4,0		
490	0,22	2,2		
495	0,16 10 <sup>[(450-\lambda)/50]</sup>	1,6		
500-600		1,0		
600-700	0,001	1,0 10 <sup>[(700-A)/500]</sup>		
700-1050		10''' 33 '', ''33 '', ''		
1050-1150	<del></del>	0,2 0,2 <sup>1</sup> 10 <sup>0,02(1150-λ)</sup>		
1150-1200 1200-1400		0,2.10°,02(1100 h)		



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Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values)						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m <sup>-2</sup>	
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t	
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10	
Blue-light small source		$E_B = \sum E_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0	
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t <sup>0,75</sup> 100	
Skin thermal		$E_H = \sum E_\lambda \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t <sup>0,75</sup>	

Table 5.5	Summary of the ELs for the retina (radiance based values)						Р
Hazard Na	me	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	EL in terms of constant radiance W·m <sup>-2</sup> ·sr <sup>-1</sup> )	
				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
Blue light		$L_B = \sum L_\lambda \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	10-100	0,011	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
				100-10000	0,0011•√t	10 <sup>6</sup>	/t
				≥ 10000	0,1	100	)
Retinal		FL D() A)	000 4400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(0	α•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(0	α•t <sup>0,25</sup> )
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)	I	$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000	)/α



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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps								Р
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	op com a			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m-2	0,001	2,031E-05	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		EUVA	W•m-2	10	3,666E-03	33		100	
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m-2•sr-1	100	1,590E+02	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	EB	W•m-2	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	LR	W•m-2•sr-1	28000/α	3,107+03	28000/α		71000/α	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(\lambda)	LIR	W•m-2•sr-1	6000/α	5,302E+01	6000/α		6000/α	
IR radiation, eye		EIR	W•m-2	100	9,934E-04	570		3200	

Small source defined as one with  $\alpha$  < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source



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## ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to.....: EN 62471:2008

Attachment Form No...... EU\_GD\_IEC62471A

Attachment Originator .....: IMQ S.p.A.

Master Attachment ....: 2009-07

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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		_
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:	Clause 4 replaced by the following:	
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р
4.1	General		Р
	First paragraph deleted		_



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Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	os of continuo	us wave lamps (ba	ased on EU Di	rective 200	06/25/EC)		Р
<u>.</u>	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Emission Measurement					
Risk				Exempt		Low risk		Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S <sub>UV</sub> (λ)	Es	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,001	2,031E-05	-	-	-	-
Near UV		E <sub>UVA</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,33	3,666E-03	-	-	-	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	100	1,590E+02	10000	-	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	E <sub>B</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup>	0,01*		1,0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L <sub>R</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	28000/α	3,107E+03	28000/α	-	71000/α	-
Retinal thermal, weak visual	R(\(\lambda\)	L <sub>IR</sub>	W•m <sup>-2</sup> •sr <sup>-1</sup>	545000 0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011	-				
stimulus**				$6000/\alpha$ $0,011 \le \alpha \le 0,1$	5.302E+01				
IR radiation, eye		E <sub>IR</sub>	W•m-2	100	9.934E-04	570	-	3200	-



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Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)	Р
	source defined as one with $\alpha$ < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. es evaluation of non-GLS source	
NOTE T	he action functions: see Table 4.1 and Table 4.2	
Т	he applicable aperture diameters: see 4.2.1	
Т	he limitations for the angular subtenses: see 4.2.2	
Т	he related measurement condition 5.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see Table 5.5.	



## FIGURE - TEST SAMPLE





Photo 2 LED view of P51327



\*\*\*TO BE CONTINUED\*\*\*



Photo 3
Electric Circle View of P51327



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*End of Report\*\*\*\*