Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



TEST REPORT IEC 62471 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems EFSH16090545-IE-01-L01 Report Reference No.: Date of issue: 2016-09-23 Total number of pages: 18 pages (include 1 page of photo) Testing Laboratory Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District, Shanghai, China Address : Applicant's name Xindao B.V. P.O. Box 3082, 2280 GB, Rijswijk, The Netherlands Address: **Test specification:** Standard Edition) Standard IIIC 62471:2006 (First Edition) EN 62471:2008 Test procedure: Test report Non-standard test method..... N/A Test Report Form No. : IEC62471A TRF Originator VDE Testing and Certification Institute Master TRF: Dated 2009-05 Copyright © 2009 IEC System for Conformity Testing and Certification of Electrical Equipment (IECEE), Geneva, Switzerland. All rights reserved. This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the IECEE is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. IECEE takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context. If this Test Report Form is used by non-IECEE members, the IECEE/IEC logo and the reference to the CB Scheme procedure shall be removed. Test item description Running belt with LED Trade Mark..... N/A Manufacturer..... Same as applicant Model/Type reference: P330.28 Ratings...... DC 6V (2 x 3V CR2032)



Testing procedure and testing location:	
Testing Laboratory:	Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Testing location/ address	No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District, Shanghai, China
Associated CB Laboratory:	
Testing location/ address	
Tested by (name + signature) : Approved by (+ signature) :	Jason Peng Lead Project Engineer Keith Wei Lead Project Engineer
Testing procedure: TMP	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Approved by (+ signature)	
Testing location/ address	
Testing procedure: WMT	
Tested by (name + signature):	
Witnessed by (+ signature)	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	
Testing procedure: SMT	
Tested by (name + signature) :	
Approved by (+ signature):	
Supervised by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	
Testing procedure: RMT	
Tested by (name + signature) :	
Approved by (+ signature)::	
Supervised by (+ signature):	
Testing location/ address:	



Summary of testing:

The LED lamp covered by this report has been tested and complies with the applicable requirements of this standard.

Tests performed (name of test and test clause):	Testing location:
Clause 4: Exposure Limits	Eurofins Product Testing Service (Shanghai) Co., Ltd No. 395 West Jiangchang Road, Jing'an District,
Clause 5: Measurement of lamps and lamp systems	Shanghai, China
Clause 6: Lamp Classification	
Summary of compliance with National Difference	s:
Group difference, refer to ATTACHMENT.	
Copy of marking plate: N/A	



Test item particulars	Running belt with LED
Tested lamp	N/A
Tested lamp system:	continuous wave lamps system
Lamp classification group:	🛛 exempt 🗌 risk 1 📄 risk 2 📄 risk 3
Lamp cap	N/A
Bulb	N/A
Rated of the lamp:	(lamp system, rating pls refer to page 1)
Furthermore marking on the lamp:	N/A
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard:	N/A
Used measurement instrument:	Spectroradiometer
Temperature by measurement:	25°C
Information for safety use:	N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object:	N/A
- test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement::	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-09-13
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2016-09-13 to 2016-09-20
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information and "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the Throughout this report a comma is used as the decime List of test equipment must be kept on file and available	ut the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. opended to the report. ne report. al separator.
The related applicable CTL decisions have been consi Determination of the test result includes consideration and the test methods.	
General product information:	
The product covered in this test report is Running belt	with LED with 1 LED emit red light
The LED is powered by battery	
DC 6V (2 x 3V CR2032)	
Exempt group.	



	IEC 62471		
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd ^{-m⁻²}	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ul- traviolet radiation exposure produced by a broad- band source, the effective integrated spectral irra- diance, E_s , of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radi- ation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\max} = \frac{30}{E_s}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye		Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 Jm^{-2} for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E_{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W m ⁻² .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radi- ation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\max} \le \frac{10000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, $B(\lambda)$, i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , L_B , shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	$L_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^6 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$	for t $\le 10^4$ s $t_{\rm max} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\rm B}}$	N/A
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$		Р
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source)	N/A
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E_{λ} , weighted against the blue-light hazard function $B(\lambda)$ shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N/A
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$	for t ≤ 100 s	N/A
	$E_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 1 \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2}$	for t > 100 s	N/A
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit		Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the inte- grated spectral radiance of the light source, L_{λ} , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function $R(_{\lambda})$ (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels de- fined by:		P
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50\ 000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0.25}} \qquad {\rm W} \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	(10 μs ≤ t ≤ 10s) α=87,47mrad	P
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	timulus	Р
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L_{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		P
	$L_{\rm HR} = \sum_{780}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{6000}{\alpha} \qquad W \cdot {\rm m}^{-2} \cdot {\rm sr}^{-1}$	t > 10 s	Р
4.3.7	Infrared radiation hazard exposure limits for the eye		Р
	The avoid thermal injury of the cornea and possible delayed effects upon the lens of the eye (cataractogenesis), ocular exposure to infrared radiation, E_{IR} , over the wavelength range 780 nm to 3000 nm, for times less than 1000 s, shall not exceed:		N/A
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 18000 \cdot t^{-0.75} \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$	t ≤ 1000 s	N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	For times greater than 1000 s the limit becomes:		Р
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{780}^{3000} E_{\lambda} \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \rm W \cdot m^{-2}$	t > 1000 s	Р
4.3.8	Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin		Р
	Visible and infrared radiant exposure (380 nm to 3000 nm) of the skin shall be limited to:		Р
	$E_{H} \cdot t = \sum_{380}^{3000} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 20000 \cdot t^{0,25} \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$		Р
5	MEASUREMENT OF LAMPS AND LAMP SYSTEM	IS	Р
5.1	Measurement conditions		Р
	Measurement conditions shall be reported as part of the evaluation against the exposure limits and the assignment of risk classification.		Р
5.1.1	Lamp ageing (seasoning)		N/A
	Seasoning of lamps shall be done as stated in the appropriate IEC lamp standard.		N/A
5.1.2	Test environment		Р
	For specific test conditions, see the appropriate IEC lamp standard or in absence of such standards, the appropriate national standards or manufacturer's recommendations.		Р
5.1.3	Extraneous radiation		Р
	Careful checks should be made to ensure that ex- traneous sources of radiation and reflections do not add significantly to the measurement results.		Р
5.1.4	Lamp operation		N/A
	Operation of the test lamp shall be provided in ac- cordance with:		N/A
	 the appropriate IEC lamp standard, or 		N/A
	- the manufacturer's recommendation		N/A
5.1.5	Lamp system operation		Р
	The power source for operation of the test lamp shall be provided in accordance with:		Р
	 the appropriate IEC standard, or 		N/A
	 the manufacturer's recommendation 		Р
5.2	Measurement procedure		Р
5.2.1	Irradiance measurements		Р
	Minimum aperture diameter 7mm.		Р
	Maximum aperture diameter 50 mm.		Р



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading.		Р
	The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated.		Р
5.2.2	Radiance measurements		Р
5.2.2.1	Standard method		Р
	The measurements made with an optical system.		Р
	The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument.		Р
5.2.2.2	Alternative method		N/A
	Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irra- diance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radi- ance measurements.		N/A
5.2.3	Measurement of source size		Р
	The determination of α , the angle subtended by a source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source.		Р
5.2.4	Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources		N/A
	The determination of Δt , the nominal pulse duration of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value.		N/A
5.3	Analysis methods	•	Р
5.3.1	Weighting curve interpolations		Р
	To standardize interpolated values, use linear in- terpolation on the log of given values to obtain in- termediate points at the wavelength intervals de- sired.	see table 4.1	Р
5.3.2	Calculations		Р
	The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy.		Р
5.3.3	Measurement uncertainty		Р
	The quality of all measurement results must be quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty.	see Annex C in the norm	Р
6	LAMP CLASSIFICATION		Р
~	For the purposes of this standard it was decided that the values shall be reported as follows:	see table 6.1 of group differ- ences	P



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	 for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either ir- radiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm 	Measurement Distance: 200mm	Р	
	 for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp sources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 		N/A	
6.1	Continuous wave lamps		Р	
6.1.1	Except Group		Р	
	In the except group are lamps, which does not pose any photobiological hazard. The requirement is met by any lamp that does not pose:		Р	
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 8-hours exposure (30000 s), nor 		Р	
	 a near-UV hazard (E_{UVA}) within 1000 s, (about 16 min), nor 		Р	
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 10000 s (about 2,8 h), nor 		Р	
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		Р	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 1000 s 		Р	
6.1.2	Risk Group 1 (Low-Risk)		N/A	
	In this group are lamps, which exceeds the limits for the except group but that does not pose:		N/A	
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 10000 s, nor 		N/A	
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E _{UVA}) within 300 s, nor		N/A	
	– a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 100 s, nor		N/A	
	– a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 10 s, nor		N/A	
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 100 s 		N/A	
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 100 s are in Risk Group 1.		N/A	
6.1.3	Risk Group 2 (Moderate-Risk)		N/A	
	This requirement is met by any lamp that exceeds the limits for Risk Group 1, but that does not pose:		N/A	
	 an actinic ultraviolet hazard (E_s) within 1000 s exposure, nor 		N/A	
	– a near ultraviolet hazard (E_{UVA}) within 100 s, nor		N/A	
	 a retinal blue-light hazard (L_B) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A	



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	 a retinal thermal hazard (L_R) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor 		N/A
	 an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) within 10 s 		N/A
	Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2.		N/A
6.1.4	Risk Group 3 (High-Risk)		N/A
	Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are in Group 3.		N/A
6.2	Pulsed lamps	·	N/A
	Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and to any group of pulses within 0,25 s.		N/A
	A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest nominal energy loading as specified by the manu- facturer.		N/A
	The risk group determination of the lamp being tested shall be made as follows:		N/A
	 a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) 		N/A
	 for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group 		N/A
	 for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission 		N/A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Wavelength¹ λ, nm	UV hazard function $S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)
200	0,030	313*	0,006
205	0,051	315	0,003
210	0,075	316	0,0024
215	0,095	317	0,0020
220	0,120	318	0,0016
225	0,150	319	0,0012
230	0,190	320	0,0010
235	0,240	322	0,00067
240	0,300	323	0,00054
245	0,360	325	0,00050
250	0,430	328	0,00044
254*	0,500	330	0,00041
255	0,520	333*	0,00037
260	0,650	335	0,00034
265	0,810	340	0,00028
270	1,000	345	0,00024
275	0,960	350	0,00020
280*	0,880	355	0,00016
285	0,770	360	0,00013
290	0,640	365*	0,00011
295	0,540	370	0,000093
297*	0,460	375	0,000077
300	0,300	380	0,000064
303*	0,120	385	0,000053
305	0,060	390	0,000044
308	0,026	395	0,000036
310	0,015	400	0,000030

Wavelengths chosen are representative: other values should be obtained by logarithmic interpolation at intermediate wavelengths. ⁶ Emission lines of a mercury discharge spectrum.



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Clause	Requirement + Test	R	esult – Remark	Verdic	
Table 4.2	Spectral weighting fund sources	ctions for assessing retinal hazar	rds from broadband optical	Р	
	Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard func R (λ)	tion	
	300	0,01			
	305	0,01			
	310	0,01			
	315	0,01			
	320	0,01			
	325	0,01			
	330	0,01			
	335	0,01			
	340	0,01			
	345	0,01			
	350	0,01			
	355	0,01			
	360	0,01			
	365	0,01			
	370	0,01			
	375	0,01			
	380	0,01	0,1		
	385	0,013	0,13		
	390	0,025	0,25		
	395	0,05	0,5		
	400	0,10	1,0		
	405	0,20	2,0		
	410	0,40	4,0		
	415	0,80	8,0		
	420	0,90	9,0		
	425	0,95	9,5 9,8		
	430 435	0,98			
	435 440	1,00 1,00	<u> </u>		
	445	0,97	9,7		
	445	0,97	9,4		
	455	0,94	9,4		
	460	0,80	8,0		
	465	0,70	7,0		
	470	0,62	6,2		
	475	0,55	5,5		
	480	0,45	4,5		
	485	0,40	4,0		
	490	0,22	2,2		
	495	0.16	1,6		
	500-600	10 ^[(450-λ)/50]	1.0		
	600-700	0,001	1.0		
	700-1050		1,0 10 ^[(700-λ)/500]		
	1050-1150		0.2		
	1150-1200		0,2 0,2 ⁻ 10 ^{0,02} (1150-A))	
	1200-1400		0,02		



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Su	ummary of the ELs for the surface of the skin or cornea (irradiance based values) P						
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²		
Actinic UV skin & eye		$E_{S} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet S(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t		
Eye UV-A		$E_{UVA} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	315 – 400	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10		
Blue-light small source	•	$E_{B} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	≤100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0		
Eye IR		$E_{IR} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 –3000	≤1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	18000/t ^{0,75} 100		
Skin thermal		$E_{H} = \sum E_{\lambda} \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 3000	< 10	2π sr	20000/t ^{0,75}		

Table 5.5 Sun		nmary of the ELs for the	e retina (radian	ce based valu	es)		Р
Hazard Name		Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Field of view radians	constant	adiance
Blue light				0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	10 ⁶	/t
			200 700	10-100	0,011	10 ⁶	EL in terms of postant radiance $W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$) $10^{6}/t$ $10^{6}/t$ $10^{6}/t$ $10^{6}/t$ 100 $50000/(\alpha \cdot t^{0,25})$
		$L_{B} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet B(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	300 – 700	100-10000	0,0011•√t	10 ⁶	
				≥ 10000	0,1	constant rac W•m⁻²•sr 10 ⁶ /t 10 ⁶ /t 100 50000/(α•t 50000/(α•t	0
Retinal			200 4400	< 0,25	0,0017	50000/(α•t ^{0,25})
thermal		$L_{R} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	380 – 1400	0,25 – 10	0,011•√(t/10)	50000/(α•t ^{-0,25}) 50000/(α•t ^{-0,25})	
Retinal thermal (weak visual stimulus)		$L_{IR} = \sum L_{\lambda} \bullet R(\lambda) \bullet \Delta \lambda$	780 – 1400	> 10	0,011	6000)/α

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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 6.1	Emission limits	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps model						Р		
						Emission M	easurement			
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	empt	Low	risk	Mod	/lod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	nt Mod risk	Result	
Actinic UV	SUV(λ)	Es	W•m-2	0,001	0,000E+00	0,003		0,03		
Near UV		EUVA	W•m-2	10	0,000E+00	33		100		
Blue light	Β(λ)	LB	W•m-2•sr-1	100	0,000E+00	10000		4000000		
Blue light, small source	Β(λ)	EB	W•m-2	1,0*		1,0		400		
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	LR	W•m-2•sr-1	28000/α	3,076E-02	28000/α		71000/α		
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R(λ)	LIR	W•m-2•sr-1	6000/α	0,000E+00	6000/α		6000/α		
IR radiation, eye		EIR	W•m-2	100	0,000E+00	570		3200		
	Sinali source defined as one with u < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian.									



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Clause

Requirement + Test

IEC62471A - ATTACHMENT

Result - Remark

Verdict

ATTACHMENT TO TEST REPORT IEC 62471 EUROPEAN GROUP DIFFERENCES AND NATIONAL DIFFERENCES

Photobiological safety of lamps and lamps systems

Differences according to	EN 62471:2008				
Attachment Form No	EU_GD_IEC62471A				
Attachment Originator:	IMQ S.p.A.				
Master Attachment:	2009-07				
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	CENELEC COMMON MODIFICATIONS (EN)		Р
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		Р
	Contents of the whole Clause 4 of IEC 62471:2006 moved into a new informative Annex ZB		
	Clause 4 replaced by the following:		Р
	Limits of the Artificial Optical Radiation Directive (2006/25/EC) have been applied instead of those fixed in IEC 62471:2006	See appended Table 6.1	Р
4.1	General	•	Р
	First paragraph deleted		

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	EN	l 62471			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		

Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive 2006/25/EC)						06/25/EC)		Р
					Emi	ssion Mea	surement		
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exem	npt	Lov	v risk	Mod risk	
				Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	$S_{UV}(\lambda)$	Es	W•m⁻²	0,001	0,000E+00	-	-	-	-
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m⁻²	0,33	0,000E+00	-	-	-	-
Blue light	Β(λ)	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	0,000E+00	10000	-	4000000	-
Blue light, small source	, Β(λ)	E _B	W•m ⁻²	0,01*		1,0	-	400	-
Retinal thermal	R(λ)	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/α	3,076E-02	28000/α	-	71000/α	-
				545000				I	L
Retinal thermal, weak visual	R(λ)	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	0,0017≤ α ≤ 0,011			-		
stimulus**				6000/α					
				0,011≤ α ≤ 0,1			0,000E+00)	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m-2	100	0,000E+00	570	-	3200	-

TRF No. IEC62471A



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Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
Table 6.1	Emission limits for risk groups of c	continuous wave lamps (based on EU Directive	2006/25/EC) P
	source defined as one with α < 0,011 as evaluation of non-GLS source	radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,	,1 radian.
NOTE T	he action functions: see Table 4.1 ar	nd Table 4.2	
т	he applicable aperture diameters: se	ee 4.2.1	
Т	he limitations for the angular subtens	ses: see 4.2.2	
т	he related measurement condition 5	.2.3 and the range of acceptance angles: see T	able 5.5.



FIGURE – TEST SAMPLE

Photo 1 Overall view of P330.28



Photo 2 LED view of P330.28



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