

EN 62479 TEST REPORT

On Behalf of

WIRELESS SPEAKER SUNGLASSES

Model No.: P326.981

Prepared for :

Address :

Prepared By : Shenzhen Alpha Product Testing Co., Ltd.

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Report No.: T1872164 03

TEST REPORT DECLARATION

Applicant

Address

ippiiotiit .

Manufacturer

Address

EUT Description

WIRELESS SPEAKER SUNGLASSES

(A) Model No.

: P326.981

(B) Trademark

: N/A

Measurement Standard Used:

EN 62479: 2010

The device described above is tested by Shenzhen Alpha Product Testing Co., Ltd. The measurement results are contained in this test report and Shenzhen Alpha Product Testing Co., Ltd. is assumed full of responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements. Also, this report shows that the EUT (Equipment Under Test) is technically compliant with the EN 62479: 2010 requirements.

This report applies to above tested sample only. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without written approval of Shenzhen Alpha Product Testing Co., Ltd.

Tested by (name + signature).....

Reak Yang

Project Engineer

Approved by (name + signature).....:

Simple Guan

Project Manager

Date of issue....:

December 11, 2017



Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	December 11, 2017	Initial released Issue	Simple Guan

1. General Information

1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

EUT Name : WIRELESS SPEAKER SUNGLASSES

Trade Name : N/A

Model No. : P326.981 DIFF. : N/A

Power supply : DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5V from USB for charge.

Operation frequency : 2402MHz-2480MHz

Modulation : GFSK, π/4 DQPSK, 8-DPSK

Antenna Type : PCB Antenna, Maximum Gain is 1.5dBi

Software version : 0.1.0

Hardware version : HC-X13 V2

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1.2. Accessories of Device (EUT)

N/A

1.3. Ancillary Equipment Details

N/A

1.4. Test Lab Information

Shenzhen Alpha Product Testing Co., Ltd Building i, No.2, Lixin Road, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, 518103, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

1.5. EN 62479 Standard

EN 62479: 2010: Assessment of the compliance of low power electronic and electrical equipment with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 MHz to 300 GHz)

1.6. Product Function and Intended Use

The submitted sample is transmitter which declared transmitter channel frequency 2402-2480MHz.

2. Limit

2.1. Basic Restrictions Reference Levels

Council Recommendation 99/519/EC Annex II

Basic restrictions for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields (0Hz to 300GHz)

Frequency range	Magnetic flux density (mT)	density	Whole body average SAR (W/kg)	Localised SAR (head and trunk) (W/kg)	Localised SAR (limbs) (W/kg)	Power density, S (W/m2)
0Hz	40	-	-	-	-	-
>0-1Hz	-	8	-	-	-	-
1-4Hz	-	8/f	-	1	-	1
4-1000Hz	-	2	-	-	-	1
1000Hz-100kHz	-	f/500	-	1	-	-
100kHz-10MHz	-	f/500	0.08	2	4	-
10MHz-10GHz	-	-	0.08	2	4	-
10-300GHz	-	-	-	-	-	10

Note: (1) f is the frequency in Hz.

- (2)The basic restriction on the current density is intended to protect against acute exposure effects on central nervous system tissues in the head and trunk of the body and includes a safety factor. The basic restrictions for ELF fields are based on established adverse effects on the central nervous system. Such acute effects are essentially instantaneous and there is no scientific justification to modify the basic restrictions for exposure of short duration. However, since the basic restriction refers to adverse effects on the central nervous system, this basic restriction may permit higher current densities in body tissues other than the central nervous system under the same exposure conditions.
- (3)Because of electrical inhomogeneity of the body, current densities should be averaged over a cross section of 1cm2 perpendicular to the current direction.
- (4)For frequencies up to 100 kHz, peak current density values can be obtained by multiplying the rms value by $\sqrt{2}$ (=1.414). For pulses of duration tp the equivalent frequency to apply in the basic restrictions should be calculated as=1/(2tp)
- (5)For frequencies up to 100kHz and for pulsed magnetic fields, the maximum current density associated with the pulses can be calculated from the rise/fall times and the maximum rate of change of magnetic flux density. The induced current density can then be compared with the appropriate basic restriction.
- (6)All SAR values are to be averaged over any six-minute period.

(7)Localised SAR averaging mass is any 10g of contiguous tissue; the maximum SAR so obtained should be the value used for the estimation of exposure. These 10g of tissue are intended to be a mass of contiguous tissue with nearly homogeneous electrical properties. In specifying a contiguous mass of tissue, it is recognised that this concept can be used in computational dosimetry but may present difficulties for direct physical measurements. A simple geometry such as cubic tissue mass can be used provided that the calculated dosimetric quantities have conservation values relative to the exposure guidelines.

(8)For pulses of duration tp the equivalent frequency to apply in the basic restrictions should be calculated as=1/(2tp). Additionally, for pulsed exposures, in the frequency range 0,3 to 10GHz and for localised exposure of the head, in order to limit and avoid auditory effects caused by thermoelastic expansion, an additional basic restriction is recommended. This is that SA should not exceed 2mJ kg-1 averaged over 10g of tissue.

Reference Levels

Council Recommendation 99/519/EC Annex III

Reference levels for electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields (0Hz to 300GHz)

Frequency range	E-field strength (V/m)	H-field strength (A/m)	B-field (μT)	Equivalent plane wave power density Seq (W/m2)
0-1Hz	-	3,2×104	4×104	-
1-8Hz	1000	3,2×104/f2	4×104/f2	-
8-25Hz	1000	4000/f	5000/f	-
0.025Hz-0,8kHz	250/f	4/f	5/f6,25	-
0,8-3kHz	250/f	5	6,25	-
3-150kHz	87	5	6,25	-
0,15-1MHz	87	0.73/f	0,92/f	-
1-10MHz	87/f1/2	0.73/f	0,92/f	-
10-400MHz	28	0.073	0,092	2
400-2000MHz	1,375 f1/2	0,0037 f1/2	0,0046f1/2	f/200
2-300GHz	61	0,16	0,20	10

Note: 1)As indicated in the frequency range column.

- (2)For frequencies between 100kHz and 10GHz, Seq, E2, H2 and B2 are to be averaged over any six-minute period.
- (3)For frequencies exceeding 10GHz, Seq, E2, H2 and B2 are to be averaged over any 68/.1.05-minute period (.in GHz).
- (4)No E-field value is provided for frequencies <1Hz, which are effectively static electric fields. For most people the annoying perception of surface electric charges will not occur at field strengths less than 20kV/m. Spark discharges causing stress or annoyance should be avoided.

2.2. Limit Calculations for Radiated Electric Field Strength Measurement

For the calculation of the limits, the near field proportionality factor 1/d3 has been used. For ten times the distance, the level is decreased by the cubical, giving 60 dB.

Frequency range	Limit V/m @ 0.3m	Limit V/m @ 3m	Limit (add. span)
30 MHz – 400 MHz	28 V/m (149 dBμV/m)	89 dBμV/m	69 dBμV/m
400 MHz – 2 GHz	27.5 V/m – 61.5 V/m	89 dBμV/m	69 dBμV/m
400 1011 12 - 2 01 12	$(149 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m} - 155 \text{ dB }\mu\text{V/m})$	95 dBμA/m	75 dBμV/m
2 GHz – 300 GHz	61 V/m (155 dBμV/m)	95 dBμV/m	75 dBμV/m

To deal with reflexions, other effects due to the measurement in 3 m distance and to deal with a measurement uncertainty of at least 5 dB, an additional span of 20 dB has been added.

For additional three times the distance, the level is decreased by additional 30 dB.

Frequency range	Limit V/m @ 0.1m	Limit V/m @ 3m	Limit (add. span)	
30 MHz – 400MHz	28 V/m (149 dBμV/m)	59 dBμV/m	39 dBμV/m	
400 MHz – 2 GHz	27.5 V/m – 61.5 V/m	59 dBμV/m	39 dBμV/m	
400 WII 12 - 2 GI 12	(149 dBμV/m – 155 dBμV/m)	65 dBμA/m	45 dBμV/m	
2 GHz – 300 GHz	61 V/m (155 dBμV/m)	65 dBμV/m	45 dBμV/m	

To deal with reflexions, other effects due to the measurement in 3 m distance and to deal with a measurement uncertainty of at least 5 dB, an additional span of 20 dB has been added.

Limits for radiated field according to EN 55022 / CISPR 22 for a class B appliance:

Frequency range	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m Peak	Limit dBμV/m @ 3m QP or Average	
30 MHz – 230MHz		40 dBμV/m quasi-peak	
230 MHz – 1 GHz		47 dBμV/m quasi-peak	
1 GHz – 3 GHz	70 dBμV/m peak	50 dBμV/m average	
3 GHz – 6 GHz	74 dBμV/m peak	54 dBμV/m average	

Conclusion: If the requirements for radiated emissions according to EN 55022 / CISPR 22 or other standards with the same limits are fulfilled, also the EMF requirements for the measured frequency range are fulfilled

2.3. Limit for Low-power Exclusion Level (Pmax)

When SAR is the basic restriction, a conservative minimum value for Pmax can be derived, equal to the localized SAR limit (SARmax) multiplied by the averaging mass (m):

Pmax = SARmax m (A.1) Example values of Pmax according to Equation (A.1) are provided in Table A.1 for cases described by the ICNIRP guidelines [1], IEEE Std C95.1-1999 [2] and IEEE Std C95.1-2005 [3] where SAR limits are defined. Other exposure guidelines or standards may be applicable depending on national regulations.

Table A.1 – Example values of SAR-based $P_{\rm max}$ for some cases described by ICNIRP, IEEE Std C95.1-1999 and IEEE Std C95.1-2005

Guideline / Standard	SAR limit, SAR _{max}	Averaging mass, m	P _{max}	Exposure tier ^a	Region of body ^a
	W/kg	g	mW		
	2	10	20	General public	Head and trunk
ICNIRP [1]	4	10	40	General public	Limbs
ICNIRP [1]	10	10	100	Occupational	Head and trunk
	20	10	200	Occupational	Limbs
	1,6	1	1,6	Uncontrolled environment	Head, trunk, arms, legs
IEEE Std C95.1-1999 [2]	4	10	40	Uncontrolled environment	Hands, wrists, feet and ankles
000.1 1000 [2]	8	1	8	Controlled environment	Head, trunk, arms, legs
Ī	20	10	200	Controlled environment	Hands, wrists, feet and ankles
	2	10	20	Action level	Body except extremities and pinnae
IEEE Std C95.1-2005 [3]	4	10	40	Action level	Extremities and pinnae
222. 2220 [0]	10	10	100	Controlled environment	Body except extremities and pinnae
	20	10	200	Controlled environment	Extremities and pinnae

3. Test Results

Refer to the report T1872164 02 for more details.

3.1. Compliance Criteria*

Result:	Pass
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From results of report T1872164 02 can be assumed that the compliance criteria is fulfilled (max. radiated power is less than 10mW). The assumption is made with an uncertainty of 30%. *EN 62479: 2010 "4.2 Low-power exclusion level (Pmax)

Low-power electronic and electrical equipment is deemed to comply with the provisions of this standard if it can be demonstrated using routes B, C or D that the available antenna power and/or the average total radiated power is less than or equal to the applicable low-power exclusion level Pmax.

Annex A contains example values for Pmax derived from existing exposure limits listed in the bibliography, such as the ICNIRP guidelines [1], IEEE Std C95.1-1999 [2], and IEEE Std C95.1-2005 [3].

For BT 3.0

01213.0						
Frequency	Maximum output	Maximum output	Limit	Conclusion		
(MHz)	power(dBm)	power(mW)	(mW)			
GFSK:2441MHz	5.00	3.16	20	PASS		
π/4 DQPSK: 2441MHz	2.70	1.86	20	PASS		
8-DQPSK:2441MHz	2.60	1.82	20	PASS		
Note: Output power value refers to the report T1872164 02, The max Gain 1.5dBi.						

-----THE END OF REPORT-----