# RADIO TEST REPORT

For

Wireless light up logo earbud

Test Model: XO-9613

Additional Model No.:/

Prepared for : Address :

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address : 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel : (+86)755-82591330 Fax : (+86)755-82591332 Web : www.LCS-cert.com

Mail : webmaster@LCS-cert.com

Date of receipt of test sample : September 18, 2018

Number of tested samples : 1

Serial number : Prototype

Date of Test : September 18, 2018~ September 21, 2018

Date of Report : September 27, 2018



# RADIO TEST REPORT ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)

Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU

Report Reference No. .....: : LCS180913082AEB

Date of Issue .....: September 27, 2018

Testing Laboratory Name ......: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Address .....: 1/F., Xingyuan Industrial Park, Tongda Road, Bao'an Avenue,

Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Testing Location/ Procedure ......: Full application of Harmonised standards

Partial application of Harmonised standards

Other standard testing method  $\square$ 

Applicant's Name....:

Address ....:

**Test Specification** 

Standard .....: ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)

Test Report Form No. .....: LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator.....: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF ..... : Dated 2017-06

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. All rights reserved.

This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context.

Test Item Description. ....: : Wireless light up logo earbud

Trade Mark :: N/A

Test Model .....: : XO-9613

Ratings .....: DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(55mAh)

Recharge Voltage: DC5V/0.04A

Result .....: Positive

Compiled by:

Supervised by:

Approved by:

Ryan the

Calvin Weng

Ryan Hu/ Administrators

Calvin Weng/ Technique principal

Gavin Liang/ Manager

# THIS DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE DOCUMENT OWNER.

# **RADIO -- TEST REPORT**

Test Report No.: LCS180913082AEB

September 27, 2018
Date of issue

Test Model	: XO-9613
EUT	: Wireless light up logo earbud
Applicant	:
Address	:
Telephone	:/
Fax	: /
Manufacturer	:
Address	:
Telephone	:/
Fax	:/
Factory	:
Address	:
Telephone	:/
Fax	:/

Test Result	Positive
	1

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

# THIS DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE DOCUMENT OWNER.

# **Revision History**

Revision	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
000	September 27, 2018	Initial Issue	Gavin Liang

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Test Report Description	Page
1. GENERAL INFORMATION	7
1.1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	
1.2. Objective	
1.3. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)	
1.4. Test Methodology	
1.5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST FACILITY	
1.6. SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST	
1.7. EXTERNAL I/O	
1.9. Measurement Uncertainty	
1.10. TEST ENVIRONMENT 1.11. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	
2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	
2.1. JUSTIFICATION	
2.2. EUT Exercise Software	
2.4. Block Diagram/Schematics	
2.5. EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS.	
2.6. CONFIGURATION OF TEST SETUP.	
3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT	
4. RF OUTPUT POWER	
4.1. Limit	12
4.2. Test Setup	
4.3. TEST PROCEDURE	
4.4. Test Result	
4.5. RECEIVER CATEGORY	15
5. DUTY CYCLE, TX-SEQUENCE, TX-GAP	16
5.1. Limit	16
5.2. Test Setup	16
5.3. TEST PROCEDURE	
5.4. Test Result	
6. ACCUMULATED TRANSMIT TIME, FREQUENCY OCCUPATION AND HOPPING SEQUENCE	17
6.1. Limit	17
6.2. Test Setup	18
6.3. TEST PROCEDURE	
6.4. Test Result	20
7. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION	22
7.1. Limit	22
7.2. Test Setup.	
7.3. TEST PROCEDURE	23
7.4. Test Result	23
8. MEDIUM UTILISATION (MU) FACTOR	25
8.1. Limit	
8.2. Test Setup.	
8.3. TEST PROCEDURE	
8.4. Test Result.	
9. ADAPTIVITY (ADAPTIVE FREQUENCY HOPPING)	26
9.1. LIMIT	
9.2. Test Setup.	
9.3. Test Procedure	
9.4. Test Result	
10. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH	28
10.1. LIMIT	
10.1. Diviii	40

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.	Report No.: LCS180913082AEB
10.2. TEST SETUP	28
11. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN	32
11.1. Limit	32 33
12. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN	36
12.1. LIMIT	36 37
13. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS	40
13.1. LIMIT	40 41
14. RECEIVER BLOCKING	44
14.1. Limit	45 45
15. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT	50
16. PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP	51

# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 1.1. Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

EUT : Wireless light up logo earbud

Model No. : XO-9613

Model Declaration : /

Test Model : XO-9613

Power Supply : DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery(55mAh)

Recharge Voltage: DC5V/0.04A

Hardware Version : BK3266A

Software Version : BK3266\_01\_00

Bluetooth

Frequency Range : 2.402-2.480GHz

Channel Number 79 channels for Bluetooth (BDR/EDR)

• 40 channels for Bluetooth (BT LE)

Channel Spacing 1MHz for Bluetooth (BDR/EDR)

2MHz for Bluetooth (BT LE)

GFSK,  $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth (BDR/EDR)

Modulation Type : GFSK for Bluetooth (BT LE)

Bluetooth Version : V5.0

Antenna Description : Internal Antenna, 0.58dBi (Max.)

# 1.2. Objective

This Type approval report is prepared on behalf of accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11), Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU.

The objective is to determine compliance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

# 1.3. Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittals.

# 1.4. Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

# 1.5. Description of Test Facility

FCC Registration Number. is 254912.

Industry Canada Registration Number. is 9642A-1.

ESMD Registration Number. is ARCB0108.

UL Registration Number. is 100571-492.

TUV SUD Registration Number. is SCN1081.

TUV RH Registration Number. is UA 50296516-001

NVLAP Registration Code is 600167-0

# 1.6. Support Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate

# 1.7. External I/O

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Micro USB	1	0.2m, unshielded

# 1.9. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	5 %
RF output power, conducted	1,5 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	3 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	3 dB
All emissions, radiated	6 dB
Temperature	1 °C
Humidity	5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	3 %
Time	5 %
Duty Cycle	5 %

# 1.10. Test Environment

Items	Required (IEC 68-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	24.3
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	53.2
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	950-1000

# 1.11. Description Of Test Modes

LCS has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode
Mode 1: Transmit by DH1
Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1
Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1
Mode 4: Receive by DH1
Mode 5: Receive by 2DH1
Mode 6: Receive by 3DH1

VNER.	
Ę	
COMENT OV	
j	
E AVAILABLE BY THE DOCL	
뿔	
₩	
Щ	
¥	
₹	
<u>Д</u>	
₹	
出	
≥	
<u> </u>	
Š	
₹	
Z U	
NAL DOCUMENT WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE	
坣	
L C	
۲  د	
Ę	
图	
₹	
8 S	
Š	
b	
ಠ	
<u>م</u>	
Ž	
NG THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGIN	
О	
F	
딞	
₹	
ğ	
¥	
Ė	
Ě	
Æ	
ä	
G G	
О	
≦	
뽀	
-	
10. 7	
6	
718	
ಸ z	
Ő	
000	
Ž	
Ę	
Z	
Ä	
MENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATIN	
ğ	
Щ	
Ē	
╘	
כ ה	
Ä	
3.85	
VA	
Ę	
ψ	

SHENZHEN LCS COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD.

Report No.: LCS180913082AEB

Note:

- (1) For portable device, radiated spurious emission was verified over X, Y, Z Axis, and shown the worst case on this report.
- (2) Regards to the frequency band operation for systems using FHSS modulation: normal operation (hopping) was selected to test for conducted, and the lowest, highest frequency channel for radiation spurious test.
- (3) The extreme test condition for voltage and temperature were declared by the manufacturer.

# 2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

# 2.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in engineering mode.

# 2.2. EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

# 2.3. Special Accessories

N/A.

# 2.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document.

# 2.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

# 2.6. Configuration of Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

# THE ODCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE DOCUMENT OWNER.

# 3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

☑ No deviations from the test standards☑ Deviations from the test standards as below description:

Technical requirements for Frequency Hopping equipment:

reclinical requirements for Frequency Hopping equipment.				
Performed Test Item	Normative References	Test Performed	Deviation	
RF Output Power & Receiver Category	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A	
Accumulated Transmit Time, Frequency Occupation and Hopping Sequence	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Hopping Frequency Separation	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A	
Adaptivity (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A	
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Receiver Spurious Emissions	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Yes	No	
Receiver Blocking	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	N/A	N/A	

Note:

The EUT can operate in an adaptive mode, and can't operate in a non-adaptive mode which is stated by the supplier.

# 4. RF OUTPUT POWER

# **4.1.** Limit

# For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

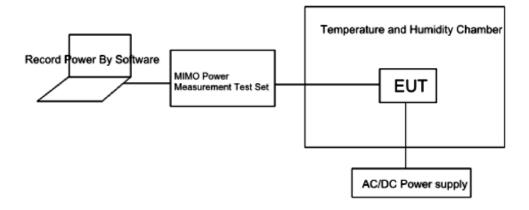
The maximum RF output power for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be declared by the supplier. The maximum RF output power for this equipment shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

# For adaptive frequency hopping systems

The maximum RF output power for adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

# 4.2. Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



### 4.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

# Step 1:

• The fast power sensor use the following setting: Sample speed 1 MS/s.

### Step 2:

• Connect the power sensor to the transmit port, sample the transmit signal and store the raw data. Use these stored samples in all following steps.

### Step 3:

• Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.

# Step 4:

• Between the start and stop times of each individual burst calculate the RMS power over the burst. Save these P<sub>burst</sub> values, as well as the start and stop times for each burst.

# Step 5:

• The highest of all P<sub>burst</sub> values (value "A" in dBm) will be used for maximum e.i.r.p. calculations.

# Step 6:

- Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi of the individual antenna.
- If applicable, add the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB.

The RF Output Power (P) shall be calculated using the formula below: P = A + G + Y

# 4.4. Test Result

Pass

\*\*\*Note: 20 bursts had been captured for power measurement.

		* *
Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Item	:	RF Output Power
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu

Test Co	Test Conditions  Frequency (MHz)  RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)		Limit (dBm)		
	**	2402	0.42		
Tnom (25℃)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.35	20	
	(DC 3V)	2480	0.13		
	**	2402	0.96	20	
Tmax (40°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.23		
	(DC 3V)	2480	0.84		
	**	2402	0.38		
Tmin (-10°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.90	20	
	(DC 3 V)	2480	0.24		

Product	••	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Item	• •	RF Output Power
Test Mode	:	Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu

Test Co.	Test Conditions Frequency (MHz)		RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
	***	2402	0.46	
Tnom (25°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.57	20
	(DC 3 V)	2480	0.80	
	**	2402	0.69	20
Tmax (40°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.62	
	(DC 3V)	2480	0.44	
Tmin (-10℃)	**	2402	0.43	
	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.62	20
	(DC 3 V)	2480	0.35	

Product	••	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Item	:	RF Output Power
Test Mode	:	Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu

Test Co.	Test Conditions Frequency (MHz)		RF Output Power EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
	***	2402	0.35	
Tnom (25°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.55	20
	(DC 3 V)	2480	0.41	
	**	2402	0.15	
Tmax (40°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.28	20
	(DC 3V)	2480	0.29	
	**	2402	0.14	
Tmin (-10°C)	Vnom (DC 5V)	2441	0.11	20
	(DC 3 V)	2480	0.33	

# 4.5. Receiver Category

**Receiver Category 1**: Adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power greater than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 1 equipment.

**Receiver Category 2**:Non-adaptive equipment with a Medium Utilization (MU) factor greater than 1 % and less than or equal to 10 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 2 equipment.

**Receiver Category 3**: Non-adaptive equipment with a maximum Medium Utilization (MU) factor of 1 % or adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power of 0 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 3 equipment.

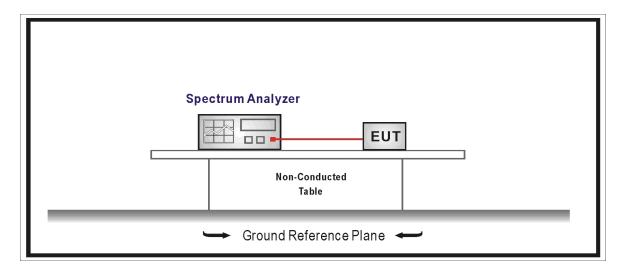
As this is an adaptivity device with a maximum power of 0.96 it belongs to recevier category 2.

# 5. DUTY CYCLE, TX-SEQUENCE, TX-GAP

# **5.1. Limit**

For non-adaptive FHSS equipment, the Duty Cycle shall be equal to or less than the maximum value declared by the supplier. In addition, the maximum Tx-sequence time shall be 5 ms while the minimum Tx-gap time shall be 5 ms.

# 5.2. Test Setup



### **5.3. Test Procedure**

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

# 5.4. Test Result

These requirements apply to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment or to adaptive frequency hopping equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode.

These requirements do not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

# 6. ACCUMULATED TRANSMIT TIME, FREQUENCY OCCUPATION AND **HOPPING SEQUENCE**

### **6.1. Limit**

# For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 15 ms within any observation period of 15 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

**Option 1:** Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between ((1 / U) ×25 %) and 77 % where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies where N is 15 or 15 divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.

# For adaptive frequency hopping systems

Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems shall be capable of operating over a minimum of 70 % of the band. The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 400 ms within any observation period of 400 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

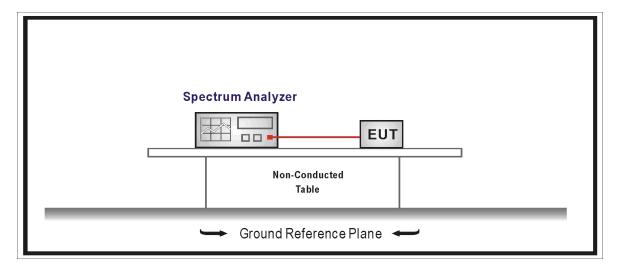
In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

**Option 1:** Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between ((1 / U) × 25 %) and 77 % where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies at all times, where N is 15 or 15 divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.

# 6.2. Test Setup



# 6.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.4

# Step 1:

- The output of the transmitter shall be connected to a spectrum analyzer or equivalent.
- The analyzer shall be set as follows:
- Centre Frequency: Equal to the hopping frequency being investigated
- Frequency Span: 0 Hz
- RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth(we set RBW=510KHz)
- VBW:  $\geq$  RBW(we set RBW=1500KHz)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Sweep time: Equal to the applicable observation period ( we set  $400 \text{ms} \times 79 = 31600 \text{ms}$ )
- Number of sweep points: 30 000
- Trace mode: Clear / Write
- Trigger: Free Run

# Step 2:

• Save the trace data to a file for further analysis by a computing device using an appropriate software application or program.

### Step 3:

- Indentify the data points related to the frequency being investigated by applying a threshold. The data points resulting from transmissions on the hopping frequency being investigated are assumed to have much higher levels compared to data points resulting from transmissions on adjacent hopping frequencies. If a clear determination between these transmissions is not possible, the RBW in step 1 shall be further reduced. In addition, a channel filter may be used.
- Count the number of data points identified as resulting from transmissions on the frequency being investigated and multiply this number by the time difference between two consecutive data points.

# Step 4:

• The result in step 3 is the Accumulated Transmit Time which shall comply with the limit provided in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 and which shall be recorded in the test report.

### Step 5:

• Make the following changes on the analyzer and repeat steps 2 and 3.

Sweep time: 4 × Dwell Time × Actual number of hopping frequencies in use

The hopping frequencies occupied by the equipment without having transmissions during the dwell time (blacklisted frequencies) should be taken into account in the actual number of hopping frequencies in use. If this number cannot be determined (number of blacklisted frequencies unknown) it shall be assumed that the equipment uses the maximum possible number of hopping frequencies.

• The result shall be compared to the limit for the Frequency Occupation defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. The result of this comparison shall be recorded in the test report.

### Step 6:

• Make the following changes on the analyzer:

- Start Frequency: 2 400 MHz

- Stop Frequency: 2 483,5 MHz

- RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth (single hop) (we set RBW=510KHz)

- VBW:  $\geq$  RBW (we set RBW=1500KHz)

- Detector Mode: RMS

- Sweep time: 1s

- Trace Mode: Max Hold

- Trigger: Free Run

- Wait for the trace to stabilize. Identify the number of hopping frequencies used by the hopping sequence.
- The result shall be compared to the limit (value N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. This value shall be recorded in the test report. For equipment with blacklisted frequencies, it might not be possible to verify the number of hopping frequencies in use. However they shall comply with the requirement for Accumulated Transmit Time and Frequency Occupation assuming the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 is used.

### **Step 7:**

• For adaptive equipment, using the lowest and highest -20 dB points from the total spectrum envelope obtained in step 6, it shall be verified whether the equipment uses 70 % of the band specified in clause 1. The result shall be recorded in the test report.

# THIS DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE DOCUMENT OWNER.

# 6.4. Test Result

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Result	:	Pass
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu

# **Accumulated Transmit Time**

Packet	One Pulse time (ms)	Accumulated Dwell Time (ms)	Measure Time (ms)	Limit	Conclusion	
DH1	0.38	121.60				
DH3	1.62	260.82	31600	<400ms	PASS	
DH5	3.76	394.31				
Remark: Only record the worst data.						

# **Min. Frequency Occupation Time**

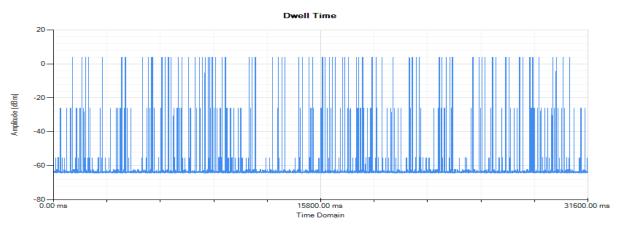
Mode	Min. frequency occupation Time(ms)	Measure Time (ms)	Conclusion	
DH1	0.76	120.08	PASS	
DH3	3.24	511.92	PASS	
DH5	11.61	1222.92	PASS	
Remark: Only record the worst data.				

# **Hopping Channel & Hopping Sequence**

Mode	Number of hopping channel	Limit	Conclusion
GFSK	79	>15	PASS
Mode	Hopping Sequence(%)	Limit	Conclusion
GFSK	95.41%	>70%	PASS

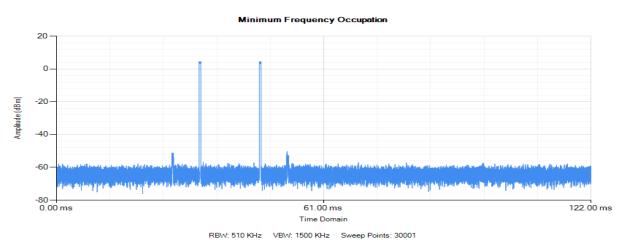
# \*\*\*Note: Only report the worst test plot

# **Test Plot For Accumulated Transmit Time (DH5)**

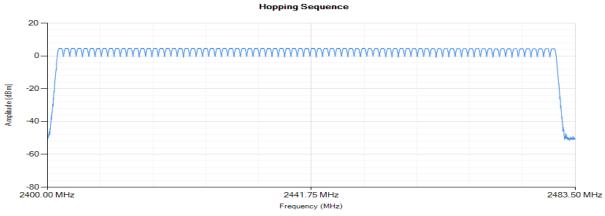


### RBW: 510 KHz VBW: 1500 KHz Sweep Points: 30001

# **Test Plot For Min. Frequency Occupation Time(DH1)**



# Test Plot For Hopping channel & Hopping sequence(DH1)



RBW: 510 KHz VBW: 1500 KHz Sweep Points: 5000

# THIS DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS AVAILABLE ALSO. THE ORIGINAL CAN ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE DOCUMENT OWNER

# 7. HOPPING FREQUENCY SEPARATION

# **7.1. Limit**

# For non-adaptive equipment

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the Hopping Frequency Separation shall be equal or greater than the Occupied Channel Bandwidth, with a minimum separation of 100 kHz.

For equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. or for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. only the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz applies.

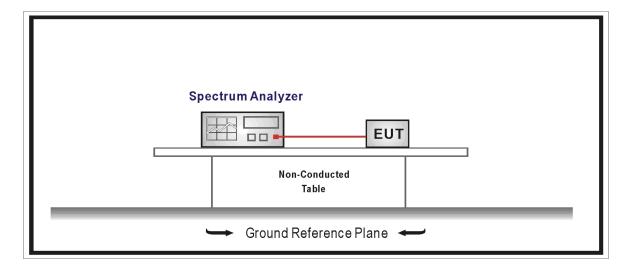
# For adaptive equipment

For adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation shall be 100 kHz.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, which for one or more hopping frequencies, has switched to a non-adaptive mode because interference was detected on all these hopping positions with a level above the threshold level defined in clause 4.3.1.7.2.2 or clause 4.3.1.7.3.2, is allowed to continue to operate with a minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz on these hopping frequencies as long as the interference is present on these frequencies. The equipment shall continue to operate in an adaptive mode on other hopping frequencies.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment which decided to operate in a non-adaptive mode on one or more hopping frequencies without the presence of interference, shall comply with the limit in clause 4.3.1.5.3.1 for these hopping frequencies as well as with all other requirements applicable to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment.

# 7.2. Test Setup



# 7.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.5

The analyzer was setting as follow:

- Centre Frequency: Centre of the two adjacent hopping frequencies

- Frequency Span: Sufficient to see the complete power envelope of both hopping frequencies

- RBW: 1 % of the span (we set RBW=20KHz)

- VBW:  $3 \times RBW$  (we set VBW=60KHz)

Detector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Max Hold

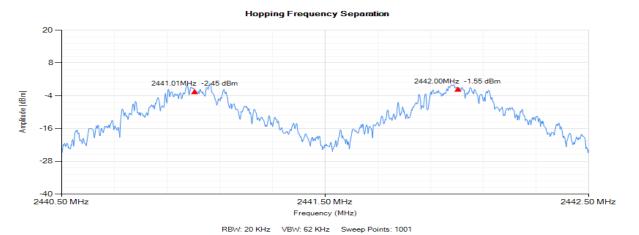
- Sweep time: 1s

# 7.4. Test Result

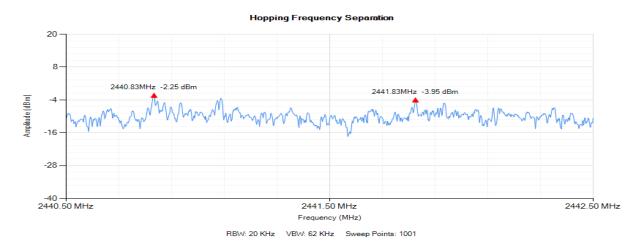
Product	:	Tireless light up logo earbud	
Test Item	:	Hopping Frequency Separation	
Test Result	:	Pass	
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu	

Mode	Result (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Conclusion
DH1	1.00	>=0.1	
2DH1	0.99	>=0.1	PASS
3DH1	0.99	>=0.1	

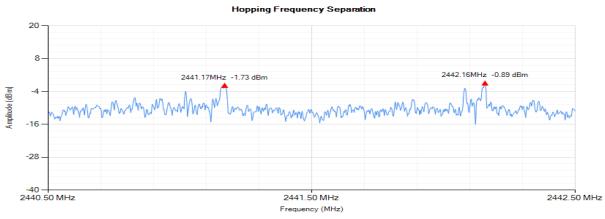
# **Test Plot For DH1**



# **Test Plot For 2DH1**



### **Test Plot For 3DH1**



# DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10.

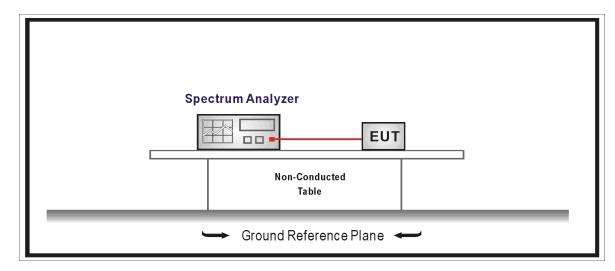
# 8. MEDIUM UTILISATION (MU) FACTOR

# **8.1. Limit**

# For non-adaptive equipment

The maximum Medium Utilization factor for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be 10 %.

# 8.2. Test Setup



# 8.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.2

# 8.4. Test Result

This requirement does not apply to adaptive equipment unless operating in a non-adaptive mode. In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

# 9. ADAPTIVITY (ADAPTIVE FREQUENCY HOPPING)

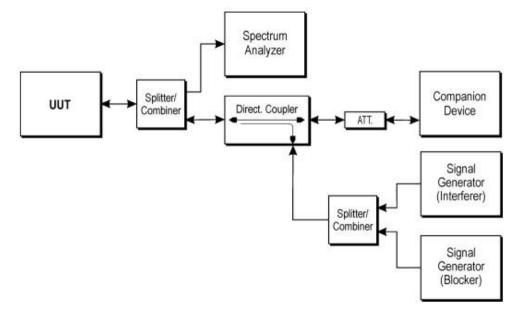
### **9.1. Limit**

# Adaptivity Limit

- LBT based Detect and Avoid
- --- The CCA observation time shall be not less than 0,2 % of the Channel Occupancy Time with a minimum of 18  $\mu s$ .;
- --- COT  $\leq$  60 ms;
- --- Idle Period = 5% of COT with a minimum of 100 μs;
- --- Detection threshold level = -70 dBm/MHz + (20 dBm Pout e.i.r.p)/1 MHz (Pout in dBm)
- Non-LBT based Detect and Avoid
- --- The frequency shall remain unavailable for a minimum time equal to 1 second or 5 times the actual number of hopping frequencies in the current (adapted) channel map used by the equipment, multiplied with the Channel Occupancy Time whichever is the longest.
- --- COT  $\leq$  40 ms;
- --- For equipment using a dwell time > 40 ms that want to have other transmissions during the same hop (dwell time) an Idle Period (no transmissions) of minimum 5 % of the Channel Occupancy Period with a minimum of 100 μs shall be implemented.
- --- Detection threshold level = -70 dBm/MHz + (20 dBm Pout e.i.r.p.)/1 MHz (Pout in dBm)
- ☐ Short Control Signalling Transmissions:
- --- Short Control Signalling Transmissions shall have a maximum TxOn / (TxOn + TxOff) ratio of 10 % within any observation period of 50 ms or within an observation period equal to the dwell time, whichever is the shorter.

# 9.2. Test Setup

Conducted measurements



# 9.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.7

# 9.4. Test Result

This requirement does not apply to non-adaptive equipment or adaptive equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode providing the equipment complies with the requirements and/or restrictions applicable to non-adaptive equipment.

In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.

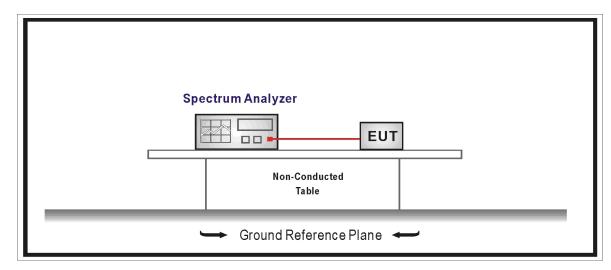
# 10. OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

# 10.1. Limit

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth for each hopping frequency shall fall completely within the band 2.4GHz to 2.4835GHz.

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment with E.I.R.P greater than 10dBm, the Occupied Channel Bandwidth for every occupied hopping frequency shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall not be greater than 5 MHz.

# 10.2. Test Setup



# 10.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.8

# Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- Resolution BW: ~ 1 % of the span without going below 1 % (We set RBW=20KHz)
- Video BW: 3 × RBW (We set VBW=60KHz)
- Frequency Span: 2 × Occupied Channel Bandwidth (We set Span=2MHz)
- Detector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Max Hold

# Step 2:

Wait until the trace is completed. Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak.

# Step 3:

Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

# 10.4. Test Result

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud	
Test Item	:	ccupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1	
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu	

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	0.87	Within the band
79	2480	0.86	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud	
Test Item	••	ccupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Tode 2: Transmit by 2DH1	
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu	

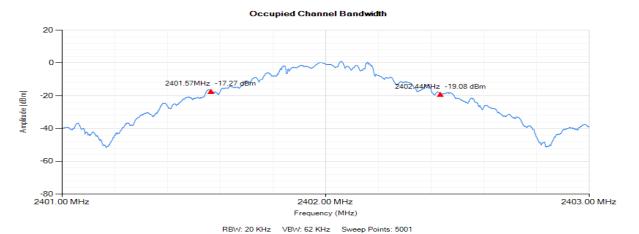
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	1.16	Within the band
79	2480	1.16	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud	
Test Item	:	ecupied Channel Bandwidth	
Test Mode	:	Tode 3: Transmit by 3DH1	
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu	

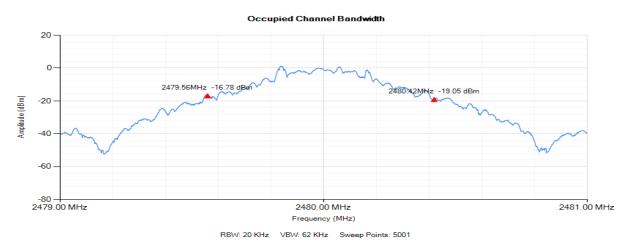
Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
00	2402	1.17	Within the band
79	2480	1.17	2400.0MHz~2483.5MHz

Test Result : Pass	
--------------------	--

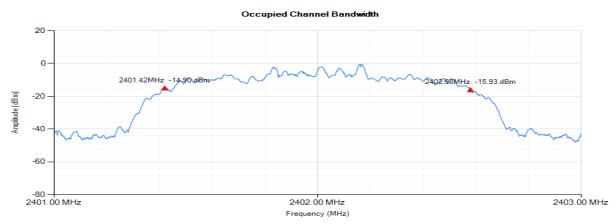
# **DH1-Low channel**



# **DH1-High channel**

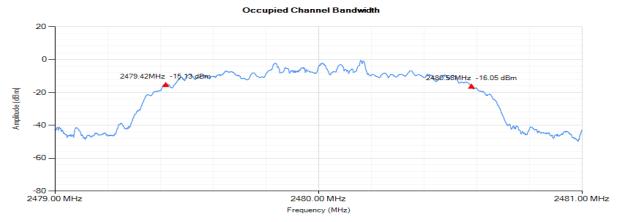


# 2DH1-Low channel



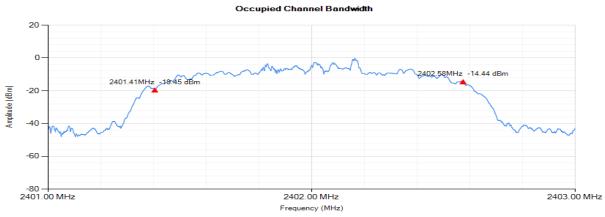
RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 62 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

# 2DH1-High channel



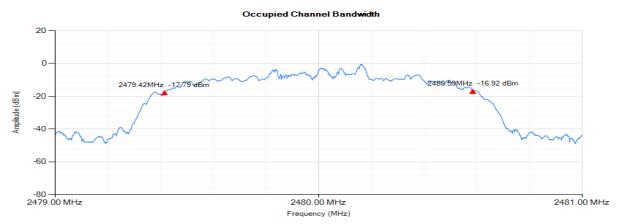
RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 62 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

### 3DH1-Low channel



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 62 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

# 3DH1-High channel



RBW: 20 KHz VBW: 62 KHz Sweep Points: 5001

# 11. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE OUT-OF-BAND

# **DOMAIN**

# 11.1. Limit

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 1.

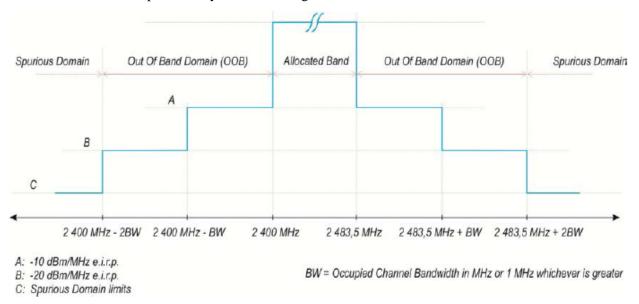
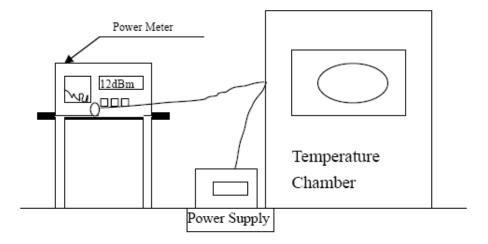


Figure 1: Transmit mask

# 11.2. Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



### 11.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.9

# Step 1:

• Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: 2 484 MHz

- Span: 0 Hz

Resolution BW: 1 MHzFilter mode: Channel filter

Video BW: 3 MHzDetector Mode: RMSTrace Mode: Clear / WriteSweep Mode: Continuous

- Sweep Points: Sweep Time [s] / (1 μs) or 5 000 whichever is greater

- Trigger Mode: Video trigger

NOTE 1: In case video triggering is not possible, an external trigger source may be used.

- Sweep Time: > 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

# **Step 2:** (segment 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW)

- Adjust the trigger level to select the transmissions with the highest power level.
- For frequency hopping equipment operating in a normal hopping mode, the different hops will result in signal bursts with different power levels. In this case the burst with the highest power level shall be selected.
- Set a window (start and stop lines) to match with the start and end of the burst and in which the RMS power shall be measured using the Time Domain Power function.
- Select RMS power to be measured within the selected window and note the result which is the RMS power within this 1 MHz segment (2 483,5 MHz to 2 484,5 MHz). Compare this value with the applicable limit provided by the mask.
- Increase the centre frequency in steps of 1 MHz and repeat this measurement for every 1 MHz segment within the range 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + BW 0,5 MHz (which means this may partly overlap with the previous 1 MHz segment).

# **Step 3:** (segment 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW)

• Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 484 MHz + BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW. Increase the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + 2 BW - 0,5 MHz.

### **Step 4:** (segment 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz)

• Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0.5 MHz.

Report No.: LCS180913082AEB

**Step 5:** (segment 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW)

• Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz - BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0,5 MHz.

### Step 6:

- In case of conducted measurements on equipment with a single transmit chain, the declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi shall be added to the results for each of the 1 MHz segments and compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered.
- In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple transmit chains), the measurements need to be repeated for each of the active transmit chains. The declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi for a single antenna shall be added to these results. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered. Comparison with the applicable limits shall be done using any of the options given below:
- Option 1: the results for each of the transmit chains for the corresponding 1 MHz segments shall be added. The additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB shall be added as well and the resulting values compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3.
- Option 2: the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3 shall be reduced by 10 x log10(Ach) and the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB. The results for each of the transmit chains shall be individually compared with these reduced limits.

NOTE 2: Ach refers to the number of active transmit chains.

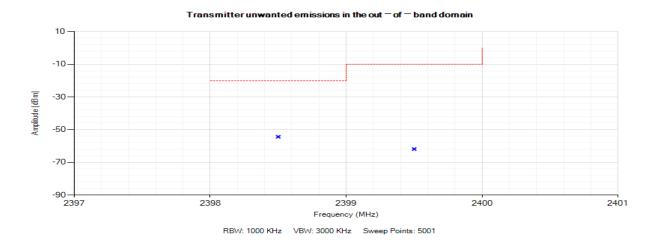
It shall be recorded whether the equipment complies with the mask provided in figures 1 or 3.

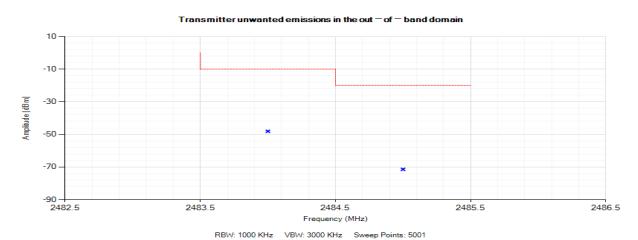
# 11.5. Test Result

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud	
Test Item	• •	Fransmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1	
Test Engineer	:	Diamond Lu	

Frequency (MHz)	Test Conditions (°C)	Max measured Values (dBm/MHz)	Limit (dBm/MHz)
2400–2BW~ 2400-BW	25	-54.418	-20
2400-BW~2400	25	-61.928	-10
2483.5~ 2483.5+BW	25	-48.080	-10
2483.5+BW~ 2483.5+2BW	25	-71.380	-20

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.





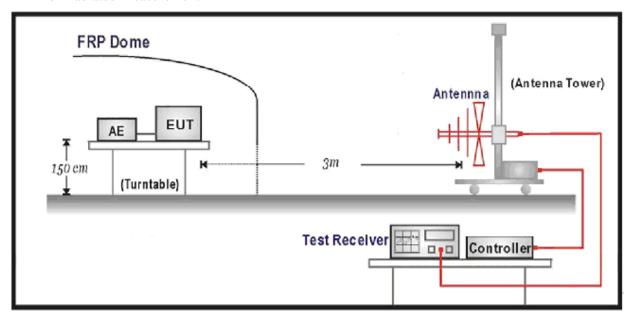
# 12. TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSIONS IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

# 12.1. Limit

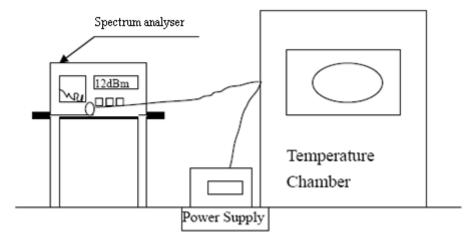
Transmitter Limits for Spurious Emissions				
	Maximum power			
Frequency Range	E.R.P. (≤ 1GHz)	Bandwidth		
	E.I.R.P. (> 1GHz)			
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz		
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz		
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz		
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz		
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz		
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz		
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz		
470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz		
862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz		
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz		

# 12.2. Test Setup

# For Radiated Measurement



# For Conducted Measurement



# 12.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.10

### Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

### Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHzVideo bandwidth: 300 kHz

Detector mode: Peak
Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 19400

NOTE 1: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

• Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT. For Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a normal operating (hopping not disabled) mode, the sweep time shall be further increased to capture multiple transmissions on the same hopping frequency in different hopping sequences. Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.10.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

### Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz

• Video bandwidth: 3 MHz

• Detector mode: Peak

Trace Mode: Max Hold

• Sweep Points:  $\geq 23500$ 

EDECUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10.

NOTE 2: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

• Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 1 MHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT.

# 12.4. Test Result

Product	••	Wireless light up logo earbud		
Test Item	:	Transmitter spurious emissions(Radiated Measurement)		
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1		

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (H/V)	Measure Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Detector		
(1/1112)	Channel 0 (2402MHz)						
76.73	Н	-40.51	-36.00	-4.51	PK		
82.70	V	-46.59	-36.00	-10.59	PK		
609.55	Н	-60.05	-54.00	-6.05	PK		
984.98	V	-42.44	-36.00	-6.44	PK		
4805.85	Н	-42.05	-30.00	-12.05	PK		
4803.95	V	-42.52	-30.00	-12.52	PK		
7205.44	Н	-38.64	-30.00	-8.64	PK		
7205.01	V	-39.16	-30.00	-9.16	PK		
		Channel 78 (24	80MHz)				
84.84	Н	-43.94	-36.00	-7.94	PK		
67.82	V	-66.65	-54.00	-12.65	PK		
368.06	Н	-47.74	-36.00	-11.74	PK		
431.05	V	-42.06	-36.00	-6.06	PK		
4963.56	Н	-40.10	-30.00	-10.10	PK		
4963.08	V	-38.31	-30.00	-8.31	PK		
7442.78	Н	-35.98	-30.00	-5.98	PK		
7441.51	V	-41.73	-30.00	-11.73	PK		

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Item	:	Transmitter spurious emissions (Conducted Measurement)
Test Mode	:	Mode 1: Transmit by DH1

Frequency(MHz)	Measure Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dB)	Detector		
	Channe	el 0 (2402MHz)				
44.82	-37.17	-36.00	-1.17	PK		
434.80	-41.58	-36.00	-5.58	PK		
4802.57	-41.60	-30.00	-11.60	PK		
7203.09	-35.90	-30.00	-5.90	PK		
	Channel 78 (2480MHz)					
103.76	-66.84	-54.00	-12.84	PK		
992.60	-38.15	-36.00	-2.15	PK		
4963.95	-35.71	-30.00	-5.71	PK		
7443.05	-42.72	-30.00	-12.72	PK		

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.

# DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10. AT THE TIME OF GENERATING THE DOCUMENT THE ORIGINAL DOCUMENT WAS REDACTED WITH THE PRODUCTIP REDACTION TOOL ON 2018-10-10.

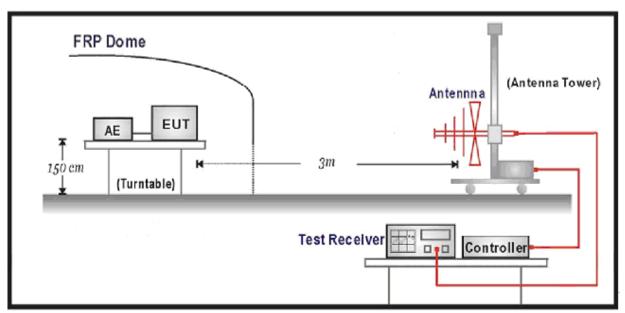
# 13. RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

# 13.1. Limit

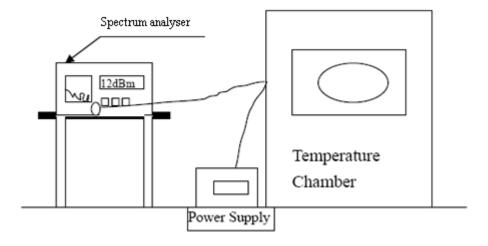
Spurious emissions limits for receivers					
	Maximum power				
Frequency Range	E.R.P. (≤ 1GHz)	Measurement bandwidth			
	E.I.R.P. (> 1GHz)				
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz			
1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz			

# 13.2. Test Setup

### For Radiated Measurement



For Conducted Measurement



# 13.3. Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) Clause 5.4.11

# Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

# Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
Detector mode: Peak

Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 19400
Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

# Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

• Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz

Video bandwidth: 3 MHzDetector mode: Peak

Trace Mode: Max Hold
Sweep Points: ≥ 23500

• Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5. Frequency Hopping equipment may generate a block (or several blocks) of spurious emissions anywhere within the spurious domain. If this is the case, only the highest peak of each block of emissions shall be measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3.

### Step 4:

• In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple receive chains), the steps 2 and 3 need to be repeated for each of the active receive chains (Ach). The limits used to identify emissions during this pre-scan need to be reduced with  $10 \times log10$  (Ach) (number of active receive chains).

# 13.4. Test Result

Product	••	Wireless light up logo earbud		
Test Item	:	Receiver spurious emissions (Radiated Measurement)		
Test Mode	:	Mode 4: Receive by DH1		

Frequency	Polarization	Measure Level	Limit	Margin	Detector
(MHz)	(H/V)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	
		Channel 0 (24)	02MHz)		
291.65	Н	-70.85	-57.00	-13.85	PK
439.80	V	-63.85	-57.00	-6.85	PK
975.73	Н	-73.47	-57.00	-16.47	PK
852.96	V	-72.72	-57.00	-15.72	PK
1120.54	Н	-69.47	-47.00	-22.47	PK
1547.47	V	-69.36	-47.00	-22.36	PK
2587.21	Н	-55.76	-47.00	-8.76	PK
2253.74	V	-64.77	-47.00	-17.77	PK
		Channel 78 (24	80MHz)		
360.99	Н	-64.52	-57.00	-7.52	PK
328.94	V	-74.18	-57.00	-17.18	PK
765.63	Н	-65.80	-57.00	-8.80	PK
622.23	V	-66.43	-57.00	-9.43	PK
1537.09	Н	-54.65	-47.00	-7.65	PK
1629.17	V	-57.48	-47.00	-10.48	PK
2534.90	Н	-60.21	-47.00	-13.21	PK
2828.48	V	-71.66	-47.00	-24.66	PK

Product	:	Wireless light up logo earbud
Test Item	:	Receiver spurious emissions (Conducted Measurement)
Test Mode	:	Mode 3: Receive by DH1

Frequency(MHz)	Measure Level(dBm)	Limit(dBm)	Margin(dB)	Detector
	Chann	el 0 (2402MHz)		
497.08	-73.04	-57.00	-16.04	PK
970.47	-72.25	-57.00	-15.25	PK
1746.84	-54.03	-47.00	-7.03	PK
2419.70	-63.63	-47.00	-16.63	PK
	Channe	el 78 (2480MHz)		
119.03	-60.69	-57.00	-3.69	PK
979.78	-71.16	-57.00	-14.16	PK
1515.21	-50.68	-47.00	-3.68	PK
2509.23	-72.94	-47.00	-25.94	PK

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.

# 14. RECEIVER BLOCKING

# 14.1. Limit

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall comply with the requirements defined in clause 4.3.1.12.4

Table 6: Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P <sub>min</sub> + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-53	CW
P <sub>min</sub> + 6 dB	2 300 2 330 2 360	-47	CW
P <sub>min</sub> + 6 dB	2 523,5 2 553,5 2 583,5 2 613,5 2 643,5 2 673,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P<sub>min</sub> is the minimum level of wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

Table 7: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 2 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P <sub>min</sub> + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P <sub>min</sub> + 6 dB	2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P<sub>min</sub> is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

Table 8: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 3 equipment

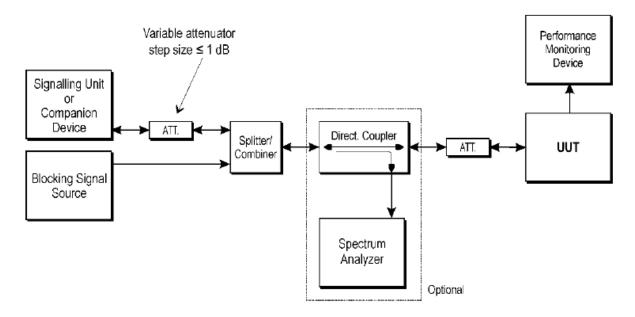
Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P <sub>min</sub> + 12 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P <sub>min</sub> + 12 dB	2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW

NOTE 1: P<sub>min</sub> is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.

NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.

# 14.2. Test Setup

### Conducted measurements



# 14.3. Test Procedure

### Step 1:

- For non-frequency hopping equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel.
- Step 2:
- The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

# Step 3:

• With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 6. The attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is Pmin.

• This signal level (Pmin) is increased by the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

# Step 4:

• The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is met.

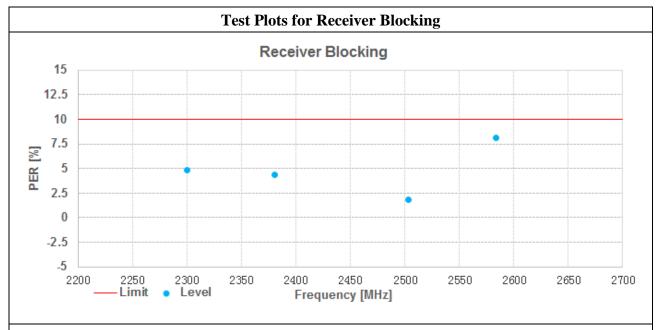
# Step 5:

- Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. Step 6:
- For non-frequency hopping equipment, repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel.

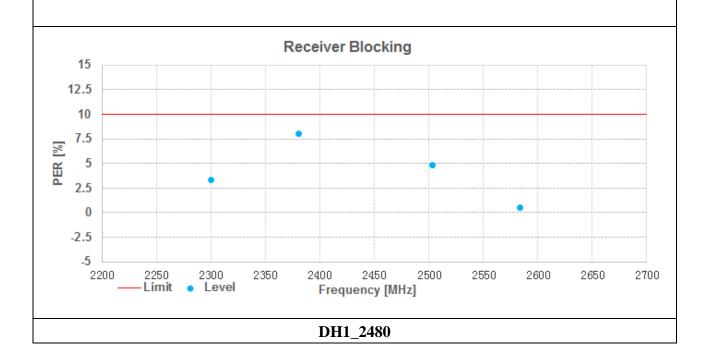
# 14.4. Test Result

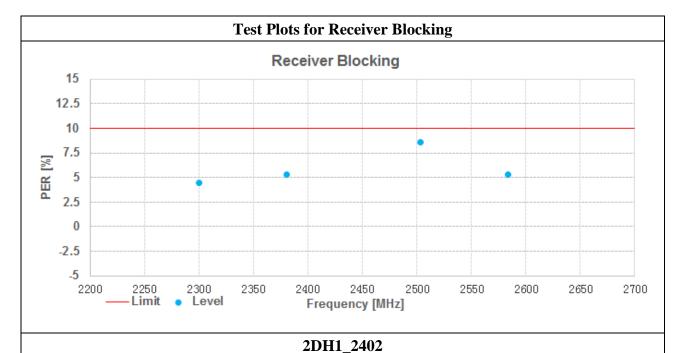
Product		Vireless light up logo earbud				
Test Item	1	Receiver spurious emissions(conducted)				
Test Mode	le	: Receiving				
Test Engineer	ineer	: Diamond Lu				

Wanted Signal Mean Power from	Test Mode	Test Channel (MHz)	Blocking Signal Frequency (MHz)	Pmin	Blocking Signal Power (dBm)		Type of Blocking	PER(%		Test
Companion Device (dBm)					Test Value	Limit	Signal	Test Value	Limit	Result
	DH1	2402	2380	-90	-32	≥-57	CW	4.33	10	Pass
			2503.5	-85	-34	≥-57	CW	1.80	10	Pass
			2300	-88	-32	≥-47	CW	4.79	10	Pass
			2583.5	-84	-32	≥-47	CW	8.10	10	Pass
		2480	2380	-89	-25	≥-57	CW	8.02	10	Pass
			2503.5	-90	-35	≥-57	CW	4.86	10	Pass
			2300	-94	-26	≥-47	CW	3.32	10	Pass
			2583.5	-91	-23	≥-47	CW	0.49	10	Pass
Pmin + 6 dB	2DH1	2402	2380	-87	-45	≥-57	CW	5.30	10	Pass
			2503.5	-88	-32	≥-57	CW	8.58	10	Pass
			2300	-86	-31	≥-47	CW	4.46	10	Pass
			2583.5	-91	-26	≥-47	CW	5.29	10	Pass
		2480	2380	-87	-23	≥-57	CW	4.39	10	Pass
			2503.5	-87	-31	≥-57	CW	1.39	10	Pass
			2300	-86	-31	≥-47	CW	6.23	10	Pass
			2583.5	-89	-30	≥-47	CW	4.37	10	Pass
	3DH1	2402	2380	-91	-38	≥-57	CW	2.33	10	Pass
			2503.5	-88	-37	≥-57	CW	5.13	10	Pass
			2300	-87	-28	≥-47	CW	8.59	10	Pass
			2583.5	-87	-24	≥-47	CW	3.83	10	Pass
		2480	2380	-90	-20	≥-57	CW	3.40	10	Pass
			2503.5	-89	-22	≥-57	CW	5.82	10	Pass
			2300	-86	-23	≥-47	CW	2.71	10	Pass
			2583.5	-90	-31	≥-47	CW	3.66	10	Pass

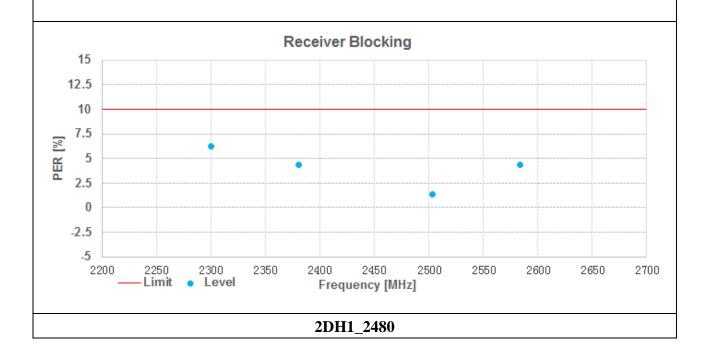


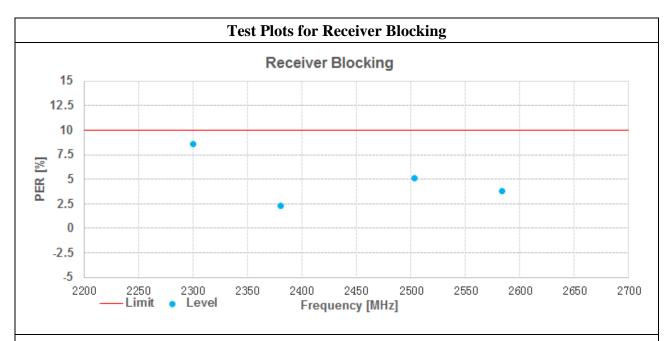




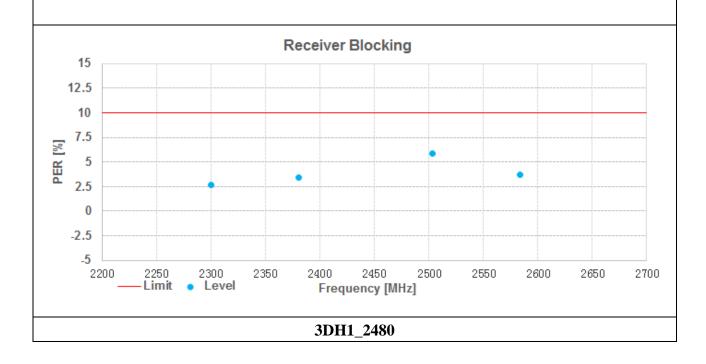








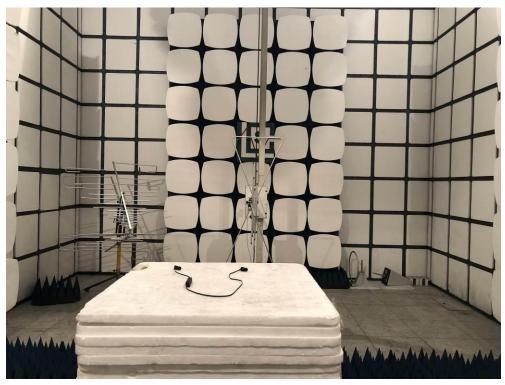




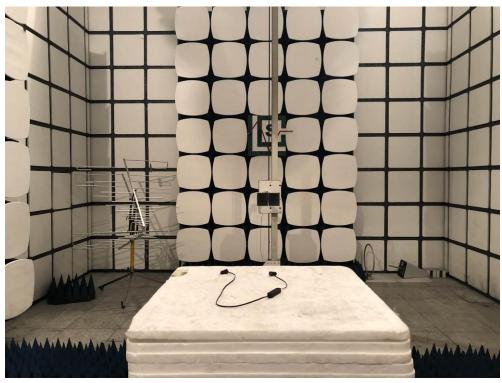
# 15. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date		
1	X-series USB Peak and Average Power	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54080022	2017-10-26	2018-10-25		
	Sensor Aglient							
2	4 CH. Simultaneous Sampling 14 Bits 2MS/s	Agilent	U2531A	MY54080016	2017-10-26	2018-10-25		
3	Test Software	Ascentest	AXO-961390-S	20160630	N/A	N/A		
4	RF Control Unit	Ascentest	AXO-961390-RF	N/A	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
5	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100040	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
6	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	FSP	100503	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
7	MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47071151	2017-11-17	2018-11-16		
8	ESG VECTOR SIGNAL GENERATOR	Agilent	E4438C	MY42081396	2017-11-17	2018-11-16		
9	PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY4520521	2017-11-17	2018-11-16		
10	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMU 200	105788	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
11	WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMW 500	103818	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
12	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-1	N/A	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
13	DC Power Supply	Agilent	E3642A	N/A	2017-11-17	2018-11-16		
14	LTE Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-1	N/A	N/A	N/A		
15	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	GUANGZHOU GOGNWEN	GDS-100	70932	2017-10-11	2018-10-10		
16	DC Source	CHROMA	62012P-80-60	34782951	2017-10-11	2018-10-10		
17	RF Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50718	S/N-017	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
18	RF Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50719	S/N-011	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
19	RF Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50720	S/N-011	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
20	RF Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRC50721	S/N-013	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
21	RF Filter	Micro-Tronics	BRM50702	S/N-195	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
22	Splitter/Combiner	Micro-Tronics	PS2-15	CB11-20	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
23	Splitter/Combiner	Micro-Tronics	CB11-20	N/A	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
24	Attenuator	Micro-Tronics	PAS-8-10	S/N23466	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
25	Exposure Level Tester	Narda	ELT-400	N-0713	2018-04-02	2019-04-01		
26	B-Field Probe	Narda	ELT-400	M-1154	2018-04-10	2019-04-09		
27	3m Semi Anechoic Chamber	SIDT FRANKONIA	SAC-3M	03CH03-HY	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
28	Positioning Controller	MF	MF-7082	/	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
29	EMI Test Software	AUDIX	E3	N/A	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
30	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR 7	101181	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
31	AMPLIFIER	QuieTek	QTK-A2525G	CHM10809065	2017-11-17	2018-11-16		
32	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	00005	2018-06-22	2019-06-21		
33	By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	2018-05-01	2019-04-30		
34	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120 D	9120D-1925	2018-07-02	2019-07-01		
35	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	791	2017-09-21	2018-09-20		
36	Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV 9719	9719-025	2017-09-21	2018-09-20		
37	RF Cable-R03m	Jye Bao	RG142	CB021	2018-06-16	2019-06-15		
38	RF Cable-HIGH SUHNER SUCOFLEX 106 03CH03-HY 2018-06-16 2019-06-15							
	I equipment is calibrated through GUANGZH					ı		

# 16. PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP



Spurious Emission below 1GHz



Spurious Emission above 1GHz

# -----THE END OF REPORT-----